### **Direct Observation**

 School System:
 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Grade:
 \_\_\_\_\_\_

 Name of Student:
 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth:
 \_/\_\_\_\_ Age\_\_\_\_\_

The purpose of this evaluation is to provide information regarding this student's classroom behaviors in the area(s) of suspected deficiency. Carefully observe this student and provide the requested information.

Describe the lesson/activities of the class during this observation session (e.g., lecture, discussion, independent seatwork, small group work).

Describe any special conditions during this evaluation (e.g., student seated away from group).

What was the student's behavior during the observation session? Be as specific as possible.

How does this student's behavior compare to that of other students in the class? (Note: You may wish to compare the child to an average peer of the same age and gender.)

Do you have any other comments or concerns?

Printed Name of Person Completing Form

Job Title

Signature of Person Completing Form

Date

### **General Education Teacher's Input**

(Indirect Observation)

School System: _	School:	Grade:	
Name of Student:	: Date of Birth:	// Age	

Carefully consider the following questions and provide as much information as possible regarding this student's typical daily performance in your classroom. His or her behavior should be evaluated in comparison to a typically functioning student of the same age and in terms of appropriate developmental stages and expectations.

Describe this student's reading skills (e.g., decoding, comprehension, and fluency).

Describe this student's math skills (e.g., calculation, numerical concepts, and word problems).

Describe other academic concerns/performance levels (e.g., science, social studies, and problem-solving skills).

Describe this student's behavior in the classroom (e.g., following rules, attention to task, organizational skills, relationships to peers, and problems or concerns).

□ Yes □ No This student does *not* perform academically in the classroom in a manner that is commensurate with current academic standards.

Printed Name of Person Completing Form

Job Title

Signature of Person Completing Form

Date

ED –4056 / Rev. 07.09 Department of Education SLD Evaluation: Discrepancy & Processing Deficits Assessment Resource Packet

### \_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_ School \_\_\_\_\_ Student Date of Birth \_\_\_\_ Grade \_\_\_\_\_ Teacher \_\_\_\_\_ YES NO SOMETIMES THE STUDENT: 1. \_\_\_\_ 1. avoids reading. 2. demonstrates a change in behavior when asked to read 2. silently. 3. \_ 3. demonstrates a change in behavior when asked to read orally. 4. \_ 4. names alphabet letters correctly. 5. \_ recognizes his/her name in print. 5. 6. matches letters. guesses words from: 7. a. initial letters. b. pictorial cues. c. context cues. 8. sounds out: a. vowels correctly consonants correctly b. words correctly c. 9. blends sounds correctly. 10. 10. has an adequate sight word vocabulary. 11. substitutes: a. sounds words b. 12. omits: a. sounds words b. 13. repeats: a. sounds words b. 14. \_\_\_\_\_ 14. reads from left to right. 15. \_\_\_\_\_ 15. skips lines. 16. \_\_\_\_\_ 16. moves head when reading. 17. \_\_\_\_ 17. moves lips when reading. 18. \_\_\_\_ 18. uses finger to anchor self when reading. 19. \_\_\_\_\_ 19. reads high frequent sight words correctly (the, and, but). 20. \_\_\_\_ 20. drops voice at the end of a sentence. 21. \_\_\_\_ 21. reads orally with expression. 22. \_\_\_\_

### **Teacher Checklist – Basic Reading Skills**

- 22. reads word-by-word.
- 23. reads faster silently than orally.
- 24. observes small differences between words (plurals, verbendings, possessives).
- 25. Corrects his/her own errors.

6.

7.

8.

9.

11.

12.

13.

23. \_\_\_\_

24. \_\_\_\_

25. \_\_\_\_

# **Teacher Checklist – Reading Fluency**

Student Date of Birth		Grade	Date School Teacher
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OFTEN	RARELY	SOMETIMES	WHEN READING ALOUD DOES THE STUDENT:
1			1. stop frequently?
2			2. make inappropriate pauses?
3			3. read word by word?
4			4. speak in a flat, monotone voice?
5			5. miss emotional and contextual cues?
6			6. mix up who says which piece of a dialogue in a narrative?
7			7. pay little attention to punctuation?
8			8. painstakingly sound out words?
9			9. have difficulty with sounds?
10			10. fail to recognize recurring words?
11			11. emphasize the wrong syllable?
12			12. ignore suffixes and prefixes?
OFTEN RAREL	Y SOMET	IMES	WHEN READING SILENTLY DOES THE STUDENT:
13			13. read at about the same speed as when reading aloud?
14			14. shift eyes often on the page?
15			15. need to stop and reread often?
16			16. seem to skim large chunks of text?

## **Teacher Checklist – Reading Comprehension**

Student			Date School
Date of Birth		Grade	Teacher
YES	<u>NO</u>	SOMETIMES	THE STUDENT:
1			17. orients book in proper position and turns pages left to right.
2			18. attempts to read, using picture and context cues.
3			19. recognizes common words in stories.
4			<ol> <li>begins to use phonetic cueing system (e.g., beginning sounds).</li> </ol>
5. a b c d			<ul> <li>21. uses decoding skills: <ul> <li>a. uses common vowels, vowel patterns, consonant sounds, consonant blends, digraphs, and diphthongs,</li> <li>b. applies rules of syllabication,</li> <li>c. demonstrates knowledge of prefixes, suffixes and</li> <li>d. compound words.</li> </ul> </li> <li>22. uses context clues.</li> </ul>
6			<ol><li>automatically recognizes previously taught vocabulary in print (sight and reading vocabulary).</li></ol>
7			7. demonstrates fluent oral reading.
8. a b c d			<ul> <li>8. comprehends complex sentence structure:</li> <li>a. understands passive voice (Mice were eaten by the cat.).</li> <li>b. understands relative clauses (the cake that Mac ate).</li> <li>c. understands direct and indirect quotes within a passage.</li> <li>d. understands pronoun reference (he = Billy).</li> </ul>
9. b c d e			<ul> <li>9. recognizes different uses of words depending on context:</li> <li>a. recognizes meanings of antonyms and synonyms.</li> <li>b. recognizes multiple meanings (fly – a fly, to fly).</li> <li>c. understands figurative language (hold your horses).</li> <li>d. differentiates homonyms (rode – road).</li> </ul>
10. a b c d			<ul> <li>10. comprehends age- and/or grade-appropriate passages: <ul> <li>a. summarizes a story or passage.</li> <li>b. identifies the main idea of a selection.</li> <li>c. identifies supporting details.</li> <li>d. compares and contrasts stories, characters, events, etc.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
11. a b c d			<ol> <li>uses printed materials for a variety of purposes:         <ul> <li>makes and confirms predictions.</li> <li>understands author's purpose.</li> <li>locates details and facts to answer questions and draw conclusions.</li> <li>uses printed material to gather information (for reports, personal interest, etc.).</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
12			<ol> <li>comprehends material from a variety of sources (newspaper, magazine, content area text, trade books, reference materials).</li> </ol>
13			<ol> <li>follows a sequence of written directions to complete a task (work sheet directions, recipes, directions for building a model).</li> </ol>

Source: Ohio Department of Education (1991). Ohio handbook for the identification, evaluation and placement of children with language problems. Used with permission.

#### \_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ School \_\_\_\_\_ Student Grade Teacher Date of Birth SOMETIMES THE STUDENT: YES NO 1. 1. counts by rote to 20. 2. counts by tens. 2. 3. 3. understands one-to-one correspondence. 4. 4. reads numbers to 20. 5. 5. completes addition correctly with: a. a. one digit numbers. two or more digit numbers. b. b. 6. 6. completes subtraction correctly with: a. one digit numbers. a. b. two or more digit numbers. b. borrowing. c. c. 7. 7. completes multiplication correctly with: a. one digit numbers. a. b. two or more digit numbers. b. 8. completes division correctly with: 8. a. one digit numbers. a. b. two or more digit numbers. b. 9. 9. confuses operational signs. 10. 10. uses fingers for computation. 11. 11. uses manipulatives for computation. 12. \_\_\_\_\_ 12. reverses numbers. 13. \_\_\_\_ 13. keeps columns straight. 14. \_\_\_\_\_ 14. copies problems with adequate spacing. 15. \_\_\_\_\_ 15. finds page numbers correctly. 16. \_\_\_\_\_ 16. uses place values correctly. 17. \_\_\_\_\_ 17. completes problems involving more than one mathematical operation. 18. \_\_\_\_ 18. completes problems very slowly. 19. \_\_\_\_ 19. avoids the use of math. 20. \_\_\_\_ 20. changes behavior when required to do math. 21. \_\_\_\_\_ 21. completes math problems "inn his/her head". 22. \_\_\_\_\_ 22. shows more ability in reading than math. 23. 23. shows more tension during math than other subject. 24. \_\_\_\_ 24. completes math assignments at his/her level. 25. 25. corrects his/her own errors.

### **Teacher Checklist – Mathematics Calculation**

## **Teacher Checklist – Mathematics Reasoning**

Student		Date School
Date of Birth _	Grade	Date School Teacher
<u>YES NO</u>	SOMETIMES	THE STUDENT:
1		1. applies math operations to real life problems.
2		2. completes word problems.
3		<ol> <li>understands basic math concepts such as more/less.</li> </ol>
4		<ol> <li>recognizes and names basic shapes (circle, square, diamond).</li> </ol>
5		<ol> <li>experiences some success with puzzles, codes, and card games.</li> </ol>
6		<ol> <li>understands basic time concepts (yesterday, before).</li> </ol>
7		7. names the days of the week correctly.
8		8. names months correctly.
9		9. uses the calendar correctly.
10		10. tells time to the nearest half-hour.
11		11. tells time correctly.
12		12. uses basic money terms correctly (penny, dime, dollar).
13		13. Makes change correctly.
14		14. uses basic measurements correctly.
15		15. uses tables and/or graphs correctly.
16		16. chooses appropriate operations to complete math problems.
17		<ol> <li>guesses at answers instead of trying to solve problems.</li> </ol>
18		18. solves problems with missing elements.
19		19. differentiates between essential and nonessential information in solving problems.
20		20. solves problems with a rote, inflexible approach.
21		21. uses manipulatives creatively to solve problems
22		22. asks for assistance from the teacher instead of attempting to solve the problem.
23		23. asks for assistance from other students instead of attempting to solve the problem.
24		24. solves problems involving a sequence of steps.

Student			_ Date	School
Student Date School           Date of Birth Grade Teacher				
YES	<u>NO</u>	SOMETIMES	THE	STUDENT:
1			1.	orients book in proper position and turns pages from the left.
2			2.	copies materials correctly from board and desk.
3			3.	uses correct spacing for letters () and words () (writes letters on – not below or above – the base line).
4			4.	writes fluently, is not slow and labored.
5			5.	uses a variety of sentence structures.
6			6.	recognizes own letter/numeral reversals.
7			7.	uses correct capitalization and punctuation in daily written work.
8. a b c d e			8.	<ul> <li>uses correct grammar in written work:</li> <li>a. uses plurals correctly: regular () and irregular ().</li> <li>b. uses subject and verb appropriately.</li> <li>c. expresses questions correctly: yes/no () and "wh-" questions ().</li> <li>d. uses negation correctly.</li> <li>e. uses pronouns correctly – personal (), demonstrative (), and reflexive ().</li> </ul>
9. a b c			9.	<ul> <li>uses writing to communicate information</li> <li>a. provides reader with appropriate amount of information (detail, background, context).</li> <li>b. uses appropriate degree of familiarity (e.g., business vs. friendly letter).</li> <li>c. approaches written tasks in prescribed format using appropriate conventions (e.g., fiction, information, requesting, personal).</li> </ul>
10. a b c			10.	<ul> <li>uses content skills appropriately:</li> <li>a. writes about a single event, experience, or point of view.</li> <li>b. adds descriptive detail.</li> <li>c. expresses original ideas, humor, and imagination.</li> </ul>
11. a b c d e f			11.	<ul> <li>evidences overall organizational pattern in written</li> <li>composition: <ul> <li>a. sequences events or points logically within paragraphs and/or composition.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. reports a clear beginning, middle, and end.</li> <li>c. uses topic statements and maintains topic.</li> <li>d. uses age-appropriate vocabulary.</li> <li>e. avoids fragments and run-on sentences.</li> <li>f. presents details and facts to develop and support the main idea.</li> </ul>
12. a b c d			12.	<ul> <li>uses effective writing process:</li> <li>a. pre-writing activities (e.g., topic choice).</li> <li>b. demonstrates use of drafting.</li> <li>c. uses proofing skills (e.g., precise phrasing).</li> <li>d. shares written work (e.g., peer editing).</li> </ul>

## **Teacher Checklist – Written Expression**

Source: Ohio Department of Education (1991). Ohio handbook for the identification, evaluation and placement of children with language problems. Used with permission.

## **Teacher Checklist – Listening Comprehension**

Student			Date	School
Date of Birth		Grade	Teach	ner
YES	<u>NO</u>	SOMETIMES	THE	STUDENT:
1			1.	enjoys having stories read aloud.
2			2.	has an attention span for verbal presentation adequate for age level.
3			3.	attends to all of what is said rather than "tuning out" portions.
4			4.	is able to ignore auditory distractions.
5			5.	faces source of sound directly – does not tilt one ear toward teacher or other source.
6			6.	responds after first presentation – does not often ask for things to be repeated.
7			7.	understands materials presented through the visual channel (written/drawn).
8			8.	responds to questions within expected time period.
9			9.	follows two-or three-step directions.
10			10.	demonstrates understanding (verbally or nonverbally) of the main idea of a verbal presentation.
11			11.	comprehends <i>who, what, when where, why</i> , and <i>how</i> questions appropriate for age level.
12			12.	demonstrates understanding of vocabulary appropriate for age level.
13			13.	discriminates likenesses and differences in words ( <i>toad-told</i> ) and sounds ( <i>t-d</i> ).
14			14.	demonstrates understanding of temporal ( <i>before/after</i> ), position ( <i>above/below</i> ), and quantitative ( <i>more/several</i> ) concepts.
15			15.	understands subtleties in word or sentence meaning (idioms, figurative language).
16			16.	interprets meaning from vocal intonation.
17			17.	understands a variety of sentence structures (cause- effect passive voice – The ball was bounced by the girl.) and clauses (clause that modifies the subject: - The dog that chased the cat was hit.).

Source: Ohio Department of Education (1991). Ohio handbook for the identification, evaluation and placement of children with language problems. Used with permission

Student			Date	School
Date of Birth _		Grade	Teach	School
YES	NO	SOMETIMES	тн	E STUDENT:
1				states identifying information: name (), age (), birthday (), phone number (), and family information ().
2. a b c d e f g h			2.	<ul> <li>uses correct grammatical structure for a variety of purposes.</li> <li>a. formulates sentences correctly</li> <li>b. uses subject/verb appropriately</li> <li>c. uses verb tenses appropriately</li> <li>d. asks questions correctly – yes/no () and "wh" questions ()</li> <li>e. answers questions correctly – yes/no () and "wh" questions ()</li> <li>f. uses negation correctly</li> <li>g. uses pronouns correctly – personal (), demonstrative (this/that)</li> <li>h. formulates plurals correctly – regular () and irregular ()</li> </ul>
3			3.	labels common objects correctly.
4			4.	uses age appropriate vocabulary.
5			5.	uses appropriate location (), temporal () and quantitative () expressions for age level (e.g., above/below, before/after, more/several).
6			6.	makes eye contact when speaking.
7			7.	carries on a conversation with appropriate voice level.
8			8.	knows how to begin, maintain, and end a conversation.
9			9.	restates thoughts in alternative form.
10			10.	yells stories or relates information in the proper sequence with beginning, middle, and/or end.
11			11.	uses speech rather than gestures to express self.
12			12.	speaks easily without seeming to be frustrated.
13			13.	accounts for listeners shared background when formulating expression (e.g., uses pronouns and articles only clear referents, gives enough information about the topic).
14			14.	responds correctly to humor (), sarcasm () and figures of speech ().
15. a b		_	15.	<ul> <li>recognizes when to match voice level and intonation to a variety of situations:</li> <li>a. place (playground, classroom, assembly).</li> <li>b. intent (question/answer in class, show emotions, give reports).</li> </ul>

## **Teacher Checklist – Oral Expression**

Source: Ohio Department of Education (1991). Ohio handbook for the identification, evaluation and placement of children with language problems. Used with permission